b K BIRLA (Sarala Birla Group	BK BIF SENIOR SECO	<b>RLA CENTRE</b> SARALA BIRLA GRO NDARYCO-ED DAY CU PERIODIC TE APPLIED MATHE	FOR EDUCA DUP OF SCHOOLS JM BOYS' RESIDENTL ST-2 2024-25 MATICS (241)	<b>FION</b> Al school	LEVEL C SCHOOLS'		
CLASS: XI COMM TIME:1 HR				MAX.MARKS:25 DATE: 06/12/24			
<ul> <li><u>General Instructions:</u></li> <li>1. This Question Paper has 3 Sections A, B and C.</li> <li>2. Section A has 10 MCQs carrying 1 mark each</li> <li>3. Section B has 3 questions carrying 02 marks each.</li> <li>4. Section C has 3 questions carrying 03 marks each.</li> <li>5. All Questions are compulsory.</li> </ul>							
1.	The value of $\lim [r]$	<u>SECT</u>	<u>ION A</u>		1		
	(a) -1	(b) <b>0</b>	(c) 1	(d) none of these	-		
2.	$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^{m-1}}{x^{n-1}}$ is equal to	$(\mathbf{b}) \mathbf{m}/\mathbf{n}$	(a) m/n	(d) $m^2/n^2$	1		
•	(a) 1		(c) -m/n	(u) III /II			
3.	$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1+2+3+\dots+n}{n^2}, \text{ (n is}$	s a natural number) is (	equal to $(c) 1/2$	(d) none of these	1		
	(a) V		(c) 1/2	(u) none of these			
4.	The function $f(x) =$	$\begin{cases} 1 & if x \neq 0 \\ 2 & if x = 0 \end{cases}$ is not co	ntinuous at		1		
	(a) $x = 0$	(b) $x = 1$	(c) $x = 2$	(d) none of these			
5.	If $f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 2$ , t (a) 12	hen f'(3) is (b) 10	(c) 11	(d) none of these	1		
6.	The derivative of log (a) $e^{x^3}$	$(e^{x^2})$ is (b) 2x	(c) 2	(d) none of these	1		
7.	If $f(x) = \frac{x-4}{x-4}$ then f'(	1) is			1		
	(a) $5/4$ (b) $2\sqrt{x}$ , chem r (c) $1/(x)$	(b) 4/5	(c) 1	(d) none of these			
8. If $y = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x}$ then derivative of y w.r.t x at x=1 is							
	(a) 1	(b) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	(c) 0	(d) none of these			
9.	Assertion: The deriv Reason: If f(x) is x <sup>n</sup> t	ative of $x^3$ is 3x. hen f' (x) = $nx^{n-1}$ .			1		

(a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).

(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).

- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.
- 10. Assertion: f(x) = l x l is continuous at x = 0. Reason: The left hand limit and right hand limit of f(x) at x = 0 are equal

(a) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason(R) is the correct explanation of assertion (A).

(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true but reason(R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A).

- (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.

## **SECTION B**

11.	For what value of k is the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} kx^2, & x \ge 1 \\ 4, & x < 1 \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = 1$ .	2
12.	Find the derivatives of function $f(x) = (2x+3)\sqrt{x}$ w.r.t x.	2
13.	If $f(x) = 2x^2 + 3x - 5$ . Prove that $f'(0) + 3f'(-1) = 0$	2
14.	<b>SECTION C</b> Evaluate the following limit, if it exists $\lim_{x \to 4} \sqrt{8 - 2x}$	3
15.	If $\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^4 - 1}{x^1 - 1} = \lim_{x \to k} \frac{x^3 - k^3}{x^2 - k^2}$ , find the value of k.	3
16.	Find the derivative of $f(x) = 1/x^2$ by first principle.	3

**\*\*BEST OF LUCK\*\***