DK BIRLA CE FOR EDUCAT (sarala Bida Group of S	SAI SENIOR SECONDAI P: NTRE N	CENTRE FOR RALA BIRLA GROUP OF RYCO-ED DAY CUM BOY ERIODIC TEST-2 (20 MATHEMATICS (041) Answ	SCHOOLS 'S' RESIDEN 024-25)		L INDIAN PUBLIC SCHOOLS' CONFERENCE	
Admis Ge Qu Qu	: VII : 05.12.2024 ssion No.: neral Instructions: estions 1 to 5 are 1 mark estions 6 to 9 are of 2 m estions 10 and 13 are of	arks each.			ition: 1 Hrs. . Marks: 25 No.:	
	SECTION-A				$(5 \times 1 = 5)$	
1)	<ul> <li>Choose the correct answer.</li> <li>1) The value of (-1)<sup>75</sup> is</li> </ul>					
·	a) 0 The exponential form of	b) 1 125 is	c) – 1	d) None of	these	
	a) 5 <sup>3</sup>	b) 5 <sup>4</sup>	c) 5 <sup>2</sup>	d) None of	these	
3)	If $2^3 \times 2^4 = 2^X$ Then X =	?				
	a) 3	b) 7	c) 1	d) 4		
4)	4) The area of parallelogram is					
	a) height $\times$ height	b) base $\times$ height	c) base + height d) base $\times$ base			
5) Find the area of a triangle with a base of 20 cm and a height of 30 cm.						
	a) <b>300</b>	b) 600	c)100	d) 400		
		SECTION- B			$(4 \times 2 = 8)$	
6)	Simplify: $8^7 \div 8^5 = 8^{7-5} = 8^2 = 64$ (2)					
7)						
(a) The distance between Earth and Moon is 345,000,000 m.						
$=3.45 \times 10^8 $ (1)						
b) Speed of light in vacuum is 300,000,000 m/s. $=3 \times 10^8$ (1)						
8)	8) Area of the parallelogram = Base × Height(1) = $7 \times 4 = 28 \text{ cm}^2$ (1)					

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9) Find the area of the circles of radius28 cm. (Take  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )

Given, the radius of the circle = 28cm

Area of the circle = 
$$\pi r^2$$
 \_\_\_\_(1/2)  
= 22/7 × 28<sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_(1/2)  
= 22/7 × 784  
=22 × 112  
= 2464cm<sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_(1)

**SECTION-C** 

$$(4 \times 3 = 12)$$

10). Simplify and express each of the following in exponential form:

$$\frac{3 \times 7^{2} \times 11^{8}}{21 \times 11^{3}}$$
Factors of 21 = 7 × 3  
= (3 × 7<sup>2</sup> × 11<sup>8</sup>)/(7 × 3 × 11<sup>3</sup>) \_\_\_\_(1)  
= 3<sup>1-1</sup> × 7<sup>2-1</sup> × 11<sup>8-3</sup>  
= 3<sup>0</sup> × 7 × 11<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_(1)  
= 1 × 7 × 11<sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_(1)

11) Using laws of exponents, simplify and write the answer in exponential form: a)  $(2^{20} \div 2^{15}) \times 2^3$ 

$$=(2^{20} \div 2^{15}) = (2)^{20-15} = 2^{5}$$
(1)  
$$=2^{5} \times 2^{3} = (2)^{5+3} = 2^{8}$$
(1)

b)  $(3^4)^3 = 3^{4 \times 3} = 3^{12}$  (1)

12) Diameter of semi-circle = 10 cm

We know that radius (r) = d/2 = 10/2 = 5 cm Circumference of the semi-circle =  $\pi$ r + 2r \_\_\_(1) = 3.14(5) + 2(5) \_\_\_(1)

$$= 5 [3.14+2] = 5 [5.14]$$

Therefore, the perimeter of the semicircle = 25.7 cm (1)

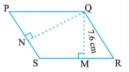
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13) We know that radius (r) = d/2Circumference of the circle =  $2\pi r$ =  $2 \times (22/7) \times 10.5$ = 462/7= 66 m (1) So, the length of rope required =  $2 \times 66 = 132 \text{ m}$  (1) Cost of 1 m rope =  $\gtrless 4$  [given] Cost of 132 m rope =  $\gtrless 4 \times 132$ =  $\gtrless 528$ 

## OR

 (a) The area of the parallelogram PQRS,SR = 12 cm, QM = 7.6 cm We know that,
 Area of the parallelogram = Base × Height \_\_\_\_(1/2)

$$= SR \times QM$$
$$= 12 \times 7.6 = 91.2 \text{ cm}^2$$
(1)



(b) Area of the parallelogram = Base  $\times$  Height \_\_\_\_\_(1/2)

$$91.2 = PS \times QN$$
  
 $91.2 = 8 \times QN$   
 $QN = 91.2/8 = 11.4 \text{ cm}$  (1)